Disclosure on liquidity risk under RBI circular no. RBI/2019-20/88 DOR.NBFC (PD) CC. No.102/03.10.001/2019-20 dated November 04, 2019 on Liquidity Risk Management Framework for Non-Banking Financial Companies as on 30 June 2023

(i) Funding Concentration based on significant counterparty (both deposits and borrowings):

Sr. No.	Number of Significant Counterparties	Amount (Rs. in Crores)	% of Total deposits	% of Total Liabilities
1	24	1,464.60	NA	81.59%

Notes:
a. A "Significant counterparty" is defined as a single counterparty or group of connected or affiliated counterparties accounting in aggregate for more than 1% of the Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Finance Company total liabilities.
b. Total liabilities have been computed as Total Assets less Equity share capital less Reserves & Surplus and computed basis extant regulatory ALM guidelines.

(ii) Top 20 large deposits (amount in ₹ crore and % of total deposits): - Not Applicable

(iii) Top 10 borrowings:

Sr. No.	Amount (Rs. in Crores)	% of Total Borrowings
1	1,099.50	62.83%

Notes:
a. Total Borrowings have been computed as Gross Total Debt basis extant regulatory ALM guidelines.

(iv) Funding Concentration based on significant instrument/product:

Sr. No.	Name of the instrument/product	Amount (Rs. in Crores)	% of Total Liabilities
1	Non-convertible debentures	646.36	36.01%
2	Working Capital	374.38	20.86%
3	Term loans	378.93	21.11%
4	CCIL	350.20	19.51%

(v) Stock Ratios:

Sr. No.	Particular	% as on 30 June 2023
1	Commercial Paper to Total Liabilities	NA
2	Commercial Paper to Total Assets	NA
3	NCDs (Original Maturity < 1 year) to Total Liabilities	NA
4	NCDs (Original Maturity < 1 year) to Total Assets	NA
5	Other Short Term Liabilities to Total Liabilities	68.95%
6	Other Short Term Liabilities to Total Assets	49.02%

Notes:
a. A "Significant counterparty" is defined as a single counterparty or group of connected or affiliated counterparties accounting in aggregate for more than 1% of the Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Non-Banking Finance Company total liabilities.
b. Total liabilities have been computed as Total Assets less Equity share capital less Reserves & Surplus and computed basis extant regulatory ALM guidelines.

(vi) Institutional set-up for liquidity risk management:

Asset Liability Management and Liquidity Risk Management Policy of the Company is designed to ensure that funding is available to meet all obligations in times of stress, whether caused by market events or issues specific.

The Board of Directors of the Company has an overall responsibility and oversight for the management of all the risks, including liquidity risk, to which the Company is exposed to in course of conducting its business. The Board approves the governance structure, policies, strategy and the risk limits for the management of liquidity risk.

The Company also has Risk Management Committee (RMC) for the effective supervision, evaluation, monitoring and review of various aspects and types of risks, including liquidity risk, faced by the Company. The RMC has the primary responsibility of evaluating overall risks faced by the NBFC including liquidity risk, interest rate risk and market risk. The meetings of RMC are held at periodic intervals. The minutes of RMC are placed before the Board of Directors in its next meeting for its perusal/approval/ratification.

The Asset Liability Committee (ALCO), which functions as the strategic decision-making body for the asset liability management of the Company from risk-return perspective and within the risk appetite and guardrails approved by the Board. The main objective of ALCO is to assist the Board and RMC in effective discharge of the responsibilities of asset-liability management, market risk management, liquidity and interest rate risk management and also to ensure adherence to risk tolerance/limits set up by the Board. ALCO provide guidance and directions in terms of interest rate, liquidity, funding sources, and investment of surplus funds. ALCO meetings are held at periodic intervals. The minutes of ALCO are placed before the Board of Directors in its next meeting for its perusal/approval/ratification.